Stormwater PAC Final Recommendations City Council Work Session, April 16, 2025





Agenda **Community Values & Mission** Why a Stormwater Utility Fund? **PAC Recommendations Rate Development Next steps**

Community Mission, Values, and Goals

<u>Mission</u>

The City of McMinnville delivers high-quality services in collaboration with our partners for a prosperous, safe, and livable community.

Values

Stewardship: We are responsible caretakers of our shared public assets and resources.

(Mac-Town 2032)

<u>Goals</u>

Growth & Development Character: Create and implement an environmentally sustainable plan.

(Council Goals)

Why a Stormwater Utility Fund?

Current costs associated with the Stormwater Utility/Infrastructure:

- 75% Deferred Maintenance
- 25% Regulatory



<u>Limitations</u>

Lack of sufficient, sustainable resources to meet

- Operation of the stormwater system
- Rehabilitation and replacement of infrastructure
- Compliance with expanding regulatory environment

Inequitable funding

• Current funding does not fairly allocate costs

<u>Opportunity</u>

Consider adoption of a stormwater utility fund to provide a more equitable, sustained resource for stormwater system

Stormwater Utility Fund



- Provides a more equitable distribution of costs
- Establishes rates based on demand or use of the stormwater system
- Reduces demands on General and Street Funds
- Provides stable, sustainable funding mechanism
- Improves community safety and reduces risks during flooding and storm events
- Protects waterways from pollutants and sediment



Stormwater Utility Recommendations

Project Advisory Committee **Overall Recommendation:**

The Committee recommends the City Council adopt a stormwater utility to fund stormwater expenses more equitably.

Revenue Recommendations

Revenue requirements:

The Committee recommends revenue requirements begin with a minimum level of service (approximately \$2 million) and transition to an interim level of service (approximately \$4 million) over a three-year period.

Minimum fund reserve:

The Committee recommends the stormwater utility build a minimum fund balance for emergencies equal to three months of operating expenses. The Committee recommends the reserve be built over a three-year rate phase in period.

Risk management:

The Committee recommends expenses required to meet water quality regulatory requirements be fully funded to meet community values and avoid enforcement penalties and potential third-party litigation.

Policy Recommendations

Franchise fee deferral

The Committee recommends the franchise fee be deferred for a minimum of three years and then considered as a dedicated transfer to the Street Fund.

Assistance to low-income households

The Committee recommends the Stormwater Utility provide assistance to low-income households on a pro rata basis, similar to assistance provided by the Wastewater Fund.

Rate Recommendations

Single family residential

The Committee recommends single family residential properties be billed based on the median measured impervious area of 3,500 square feet (1 Equivalent Residential Unit, ERU)

Tiered residential rate structure

The Committee recommends a tiered rate (be used for single-family residential properties over a single rate.

Rate Recommendations

<u>Multifamily/Commercial/Industrial/</u> Institutional

The Committee recommends billings for non-single family residential properties be based on measured impervious areas and expressed as ERUs.

Phasing and Cash Flow

The Committee recommends stormwater rates be phased in over a three-year period from minimum to interim level of service rates.

Billing Recommendations

Billing for City and McMinnville Water and Light properties

The Committee recommends City and McMinnville Water and Light properties not be billed for stormwater services, similar to billing policies for water and wastewater services.

Coordination with

McMinnville Water and Light

The Committee recommends the City work with McMinnville Water and Light to incorporate stormwater utility billing in their monthly billing statements.

Note: Staff recommends billing of a stormwater utility would follow the same rules as electrical, water, and sanitary with regards to utility shutoffs.

Billing Recommendations

Minimum impervious area for

non-residential billing

The Committee recommends a minimum billable impervious area of 500 square feet be used for billing non-single family residential properties.

Rounding for non-residential customers

The Committee recommends billing for non-single family residential properties be rounded up to the nearest whole ERU.

Billing Recommendations

Discounts/Credits

The Committee recommends a 35% discount be given to non-single-family dwellings that are fully self-contained, discharge to streams or rivers not maintained by the City and that are regulated by discharge permits from the State Department of Environmental Quality.

The Committee does not recommend discounts or credits for privately maintained stormwater systems be granted until further considered as part of the future Stormwater Master Plan.

Administrative appeal

The Committee recommends the implementing ordinance adopting the stormwater utility include a provision allowing for administrative appeals from customers to reconcile any errors or changes in measurement of impervious areas

Planning Recommendations

Stormwater Master Plan Update

The Committee recommends that an update to the 2009 Stormwater Plan be a high priority for the stormwater utility, and that it be completed within three years of adopting the utility.

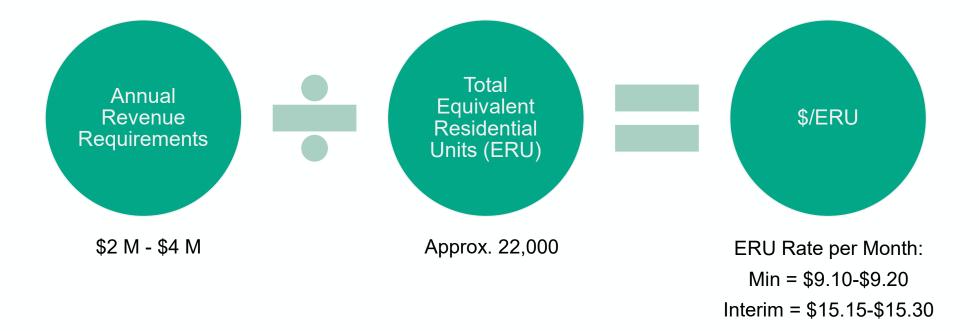
Rate Development



Estimated Annual Revenue Requirements

	Minimum	<u>Interim</u>	<u>Activities</u>
Division			
Collection System	\$105,565	\$515,000	Collection system maintenance
Operations	\$440,000	\$695,000	Other maintenance; leaf program; street sweeping
Engineering	\$1,188,000	\$735,000	Planning & engineering
Administration	\$50,000	\$170,000	Support services
Billing	\$150,000	\$150,000	McMinnville Water & Light
Franchise Fee	\$0	\$240,000	6% Transfer
Capital	\$500,000	\$1,500,000	Infrastructure repair, replacement, etc.
Total	\$2,433,565	\$4,005,000	
Rounded	\$2,400,000	\$4,000,000	

Basic Rate Calculation



Residential Tiering for Single Family Residential (SFR)

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Finding the balance between increased equity and increased administrative burden



Residential Tiering

- Place SFR properties into one of three tiers based upon predicted impervious area.
- · Low, Middle and High Tiers with ERUs relative to tier median values

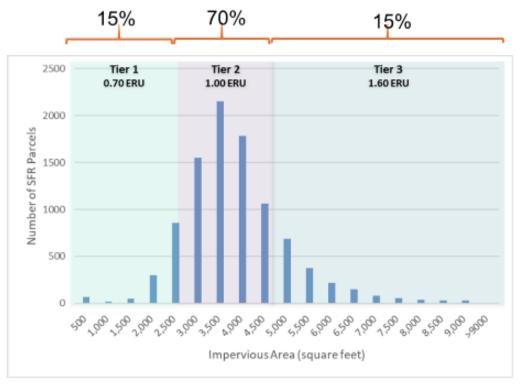






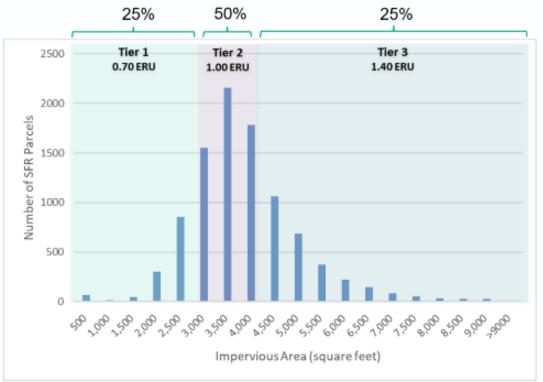
Tiering Methodology

- Measured IA on 600 SFR properties
- Statistical Analysis using parcel attribute data to predict tier for SFR parcels:
 - Partial IA from City (existing impervious area in square feet)
 - Adjusted IA (averaged difference between previous and measured IA sample, in square feet)
 - iAcres (gross lot size in acres)
 - Floors (number of floors)



% correct	% incorrect high	% incorrect low	
85.5%	6.3%	8.1%	

Customer Class	Tiers	Breakpoints	ERU Ratio	Parcel Count	Estimated ERUs	Adjusted ERUs
SFR	Tier 1	400 - 2,600	0.70	1,649	1,154	1,302
	Tier 2	2,600 - 4,600	1.00	6,393	6,393	6,326
	Tier 3	> 4,600	1.60	1,499	2,398	2,168
NSFR				1,227	12,709	12,074
SFA				269	188	188
Vacant				445		
Total				11,482	22,843	22,058



% correct tier	% incorrect high	% incorrect low	
75.9%	16.9%	7.1%	

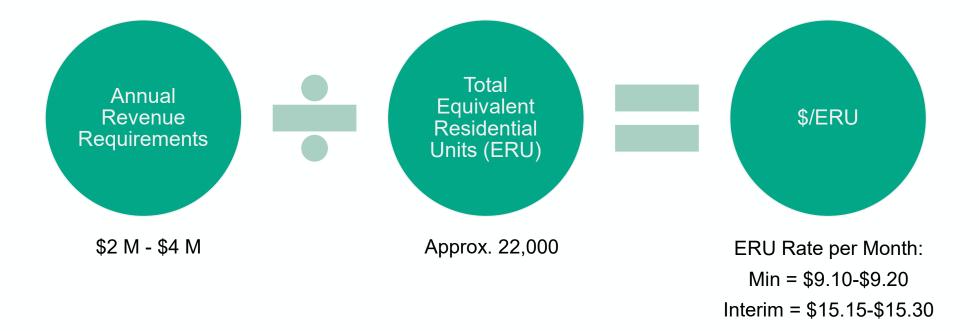
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Customer Class	Tiers	Breakpoints	ERU Ratio	Parcel Count	Estimated ERUs	Adjusted ERUs
SFR	Tier 1	400 - 2,900	0.70	2,540	1,778	1,870
	Tier 2	2,900 - 4,100	1.00	4,536	4,536	4,675
	Tier 3	> 4,100	1.40	2,465	3,451	3,072
NSFR				1,227	12,709	12,074
SFA				269	188	188
Vacant				445		
Total				11,482	22,662	21,879

Units of Service - Comparison between Rate Structures

Rate Structure	ERU Count	Adjusted ERU Count
Flat rates, 2024 Evaluation	22,438	21,803
Tiered rates, 15/70/15 Option	22,843	22,058
Tiered rates, 25/50/25 Option	22,662	21,879

Basic Rate Calculation



Estimated Residential Rate Options (\$/Dwelling Unit)

Option 1 - Flat Rates	All Customers				
Minimum	\$9.20				
Interim	\$15.30				
Tiered Options	Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3				
Option 2 - Tiered 15/70/15	[400-2,600]	(2,600-4,600)	=>4,600		
Factor	0.70	1.00	1.60		
Minimum	\$6.40	\$9.10	\$14.60		
Interim	\$10.65	\$15.15	\$24.25		
Option 3 - Tiered 25/50/25	[400-2,900]	(2,900-4,100)	=>4,100		
Factor	0.70	1.00	1.40		
Minimum	\$6.45	\$9.15	\$12.85		
Interim	\$10.70	\$15.25	\$21.35		

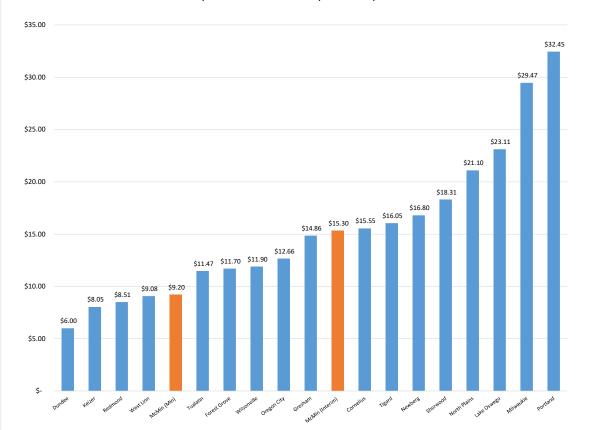
Sample Non-Single-Family Bills*

Monthly cost/ERU	
Option 1 (Min)	\$ 9.20
Option 1 (Interim)	\$ 15.30

Customer class	Impervious area (SQ FT)	ERUs (Rounded)	Option 1 (Min)	Option 1 (Interim)
Multi-Unit (Apartment Complex	94,500	27.0	\$248.40	\$413.10
Commercial (small)	28,000	8.0	\$73.60	\$122.40
Commercial (large)	395,500	113.0	\$1,039.60	\$1,728.90
Industrial (small)	45,000	13.0	\$119.60	\$198.90
Industrial (large)	961,812	275.0	\$2,530.00	\$4,207.50
Institutional	255,500	73.0	\$671.60	\$1,116.90

*Based on Option 1. Nonresidential bills under all options are within 1% of Option 1.

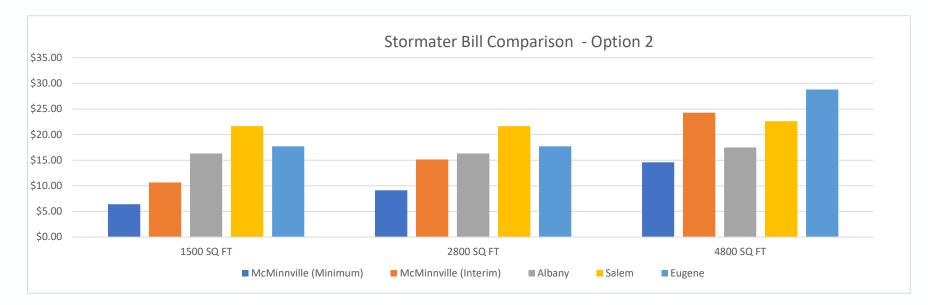
Rate Comparison: Option 1



Monthly Stormwater Bill Comparison: Option 1

Rate Comparison: Option 2

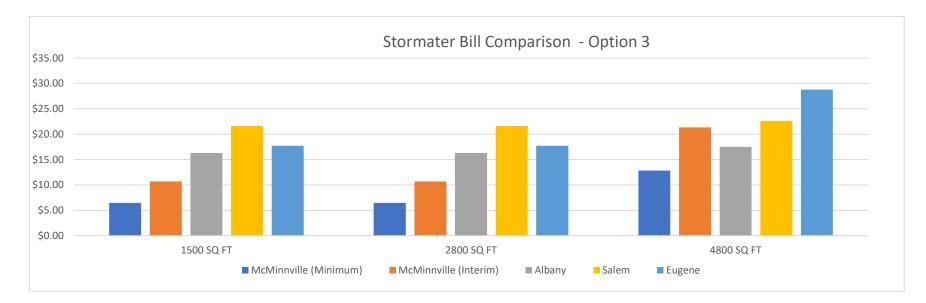
• Other city rates include a uniform base charge for all tiers



• Eugene measures structures >3,000 square feet

Rate Comparison: Option 3

• Other city rates include a uniform base charge for all tiers



• Eugene measures structures >3,000 square feet

Stormwater Utility Fund

Next Steps